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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/1999/25 of 15 January 1999, S/1999/25/Add.2 of 29 January 1999 and S/1999/25/Add.5 of 19 February 1999.

During the week ending 27 February 1999, the Security Council took action on the following items:

Protection of civilians in armed conflict (see S/1999/25/Add.5).

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3980th meeting, held on 22 February 1999, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations. There was one suspension and one resumption of the meeting.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Australia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Germany, Guatemala, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, the Republic of Korea, Togo, Ukraine, Uruguay and Zambia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

In accordance with the understanding reached in the Council's prior consultations, the President extended an invitation to the Permanent Observer of Switzerland to the United Nations to participate in the discussion, without the right to vote.

In response to the request contained in a letter dated 19 February 1999 from the Chargé d'affaires of the Permanent Observer Mission of Palestine to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/1999/175),

the President, in accordance with the rules of procedure and the previous practice in that regard, invited the Permanent Observer of Palestine to participate in the debate.

The situation in Tajikistan and along the Tajik-Afghan border (see S/25070/Add.34; S/1994/20/Add.37, 44 and 49; S/1995/40/Add.14, 19, 23, 33, 44 and 49; S/1996/15/Add.20, 23, 37 and 49; S/1997/40/Add.5, 10, 23, 36 and 45; and S/1998/44/Add.8, 19 and 45; see also S/23370/Add.43)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3981st meeting, held on 23 February 1999, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the interim report of the Secretary-General on the situation in Tajikistan of 8 February 1999 (S/1999/124).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Tajikistan, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President stated that, following consultations of the Council, he had been authorized to make a statement on behalf of the Council and read out the text of that statement (for the text, see S/PRST/1999/8; to be issued in Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1999).

The situation in the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (see S/25070/Add.24 and Corr.1; S/1995/40/Add.47; and S/1996/15/Add.6, 21 and 47; S/1997/40/Add.14, 21, 47 and 48; and S/1998/44/Add.29; see also S/22110/Add.38, 47 and 50; S/23370/Add.1, 5, 7, 14, 16, 19, 21, 23, 24, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 35-37, 40, 43, 45, 46, 49 and 50; S/25070/Add.1, 4, 7-9, 11-13, 15-19, 21-23, 24 and Corr.1, 26, 28-30, 32-34, 37, 39-42 and 45; S/1994/20 and Add.4, 6, 8, 10, 12-17, 20, 21, 23, 25, 26, 31, 34, 37, 38, 44-47 and 49; S/1995/40 and Add.1, 2, 5, 6, 12, 14-19, 23, 24, 26-32, 35-37, 39, 40, 44 and 46-50; S/1996/15/Add.1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 13, 18, 20, 26, 28, 30-32, 37, 39, 40, 45, 49 and 50; S/1997/40/Add.2, 4, 6, 9-12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 23, 28, 34, 37, 42 and 50; S/1998/44/Add.2, 6, 9, 11, 19, 20, 24, 26, 28, 34, 44 and 46; and S/1999/25/Add.1).

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3982nd meeting, held on 25 February 1999, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Preventive Deployment Force pursuant to Security Council resolution 1186 (1998) of 12 February 1999 (S/1999/161).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Bulgaria, Germany, Italy and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/1999/201), which had been submitted by Canada, France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Slovenia, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/1999/201, which received 13 votes in favour to one against (China), with one abstention (Russian Federation), and was not adopted owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Council.

The situation in Angola (see S/25070/Add.4, 10, 17, 22, 23, 28, 37, 44 and 50; S/1994/20/Add.5, 10, 21, 25, 31, 35, 38, 42, 43 and 48; S/1995/40/Add.5, 9, 14, 18, 31, 40 and 50; S/1996/15/Add.5, 16, 18, 27, 40 and 49; S/1997/40/Add.4, 8, 11, 12, 15, 26, 29, 34, 39 and 43; S/1998/44/Add.4, 11, 17, 20, 23, 25, 26, 32, 37, 41, 48, 51 and 52; and S/1999/25/Add.1 and 2; see also S/19420/Add.51; S/22110/Add.21; and S/23370/Add.12, 27, 37, 40, 43, 48 and 51).

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3983rd meeting, held on 26 February 1999, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Observer Mission in Angola of 24 February 1999 (S/1999/202).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Angola and Zambia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/1999/203) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/1999/203 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1229 (1999) (for the text, see S/RES/1229 (1999); to be issued in Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1999).

The situation in the Central African Republic (see S/1997/40/Add.31 and 44; S/1998/44/Add.5, 11, 12, 28 and 41; and S/1999/25/Add.6).

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3984th meeting, held on 26 February 1999, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the third and the fourth reports of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic (S/1998/1203 and Add.1 and S/1999/98, respectively).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of the Central African Republic, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Japan, Kenya, Senegal and Togo, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/1999/122), which had been submitted by Canada, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Japan, Kenya, Senegal, Togo and the United States of America.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/1999/122 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1230 (1999) (for the text, see S/RES/1230 (1999); to be issued in Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1999).

The situation between Eritrea and Ethiopia (see S/1998/44/Add.25; and S/1999/25/Add.3 and 5).

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3985th meeting, held on 27 February 1999, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the identical letters dated 27 February 1999 from the Permanent Representative of Eritrea to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council (S/1999/215).

The President stated that, following consultations of the Council, he had been authorized to make a statement on behalf of the Council and read out the text of that statement (for the text, see S/PRST/1999/9; to be issued in Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1999).